PREVENTING ZOMBIE MINES



Policies to Ensure the Reclamation of Modern-Era Coal Mines

Problem 1: Existing coal bonding systems are not sufficient to guarantee reclamation in a declining industry

Recommended Solutions:

- 1. Establish new systems of financial assurances for reclamation, such as permit-specific trust funds and/or a new industry-funded federal reclamation fund.
- 2. Shore up the current coal mine bond system by:
 - a. Ensuring sureties are able to cover the bonds they provide
 - b. Phasing out bond pools and self-bonding
 - c. Setting performance bonds at an amount sufficient to cover the actual, current cost of reclamation, accounting for contingency costs, third-party contract fees and inflation
 - d. Adjusting bond release phases to incentivize full reclamation
 - e. Improve bonding and requirements for long-term water treatment.

Problem 2: Coal companies are not conducting contemporaneous reclamation

Recommended Solutions:

- 1. Require timely reclamation by setting enforceable deadlines for reclamation milestones.
- Require public input when coal operators pause coal production via "temporary cessation," and require operators to show that reclamation is up to date and that they have the equipment and financial resources to maintain sediment controls and other safety features.
- 3. Ensure disturbed areas are planted promptly with non-invasive species appropriate for current and anticipated future conditions.
- 4. Ensure full compliance with water monitoring and Clean Water Act requirements through full reclamation.

Problem 3: Permit transfers allow companies to shed responsibilities, including during bankruptcy

Recommended Solutions:

- 1. Set more stringent requirements for permit transfers between companies.
- 2. Close loopholes that allow out-of-compliance companies to create subsidiaries and obtain new permits, renew applications or receive transferred permits.
- 3. Close loopholes that allow companies to remain eligible for new permits or permit transfers while appealing violations.

Problem 4: Companies and regulators are not planning for mine closures Recommended Solutions:

- 1. Require coal mining companies to provide mine closure plans when a) permits are transferred, b) if mines have been idled for more than 6 months, c) if production dips, or d) if other factors indicate risk of closure.
- Increase public input and transparency so that mine closures, production pauses, reclamation delays, changes to reclamation plans, bond forfeitures and other changes trigger public notice and hearing requirements.
- 3. Impose new requirements for permit renewals so that regulators can better evaluate the company's ability to meet reclamation requirements.

The following 52 organizations have endorsed this platform:

Appalachian Citizens' Law Center **Appalachian Voices** Alliance for Appalachia Amphibian and Reptile Conservancy Appalachian Mountain Advocates Appalshop CMI **Black Warrior Riverkeeper** Center for Biological Diversity Center for Coalfield Justice Center for Rural Strategies Central Illinois Healthy **Community Alliance** Christians For The Mountains **Citizens Against Longwall Mining Citizens Coal Council** Coal River Mountain Watch CoolHouse Inc. Earth Action, Inc. Earth Ethics, Inc. Earthjustice

Eco-Justice Collaborative Faith in Place Fox Valley Citizens for Peace & Justice Friends For Environmental Justice Friends of Bell Smith Springs Friends of the Cheat Greater Highland Area Concerned Citizens **Green West Strategies** Gwendolyn Ridge, LLC Headwaters, Inc. Jewish Climate Action Network Jewish Earth Alliance PA Kentucky Resources Council, Inc. Metro East Green Alliance Mountain Association Mountain Watershed Association National Wildlife Federation Northern Plains Resource Council Ohio Environmental Council

PennFuture Powder River Basin Resource Council **Prairie Rivers Network** Relmagine Appalachia Rise Up WV Sierra Club Southern Appalachian Mountain Stewards Statewide Organizing for Community eMpowerment (SOCM) Sweet Springs Resort Park, Sweet Springs Watershed Assoc. The Sludge Hub & Company West Virginia Environmental Council West Virginia Highlands Conservancy WV Rivers Coalition Western Organization of **Resource Councils**

To learn more about these issues and new legislative opportunities to help solve them, please contact <u>Chelsea@AppVoices.org</u>

A detailed version of this policy platform can be found <u>here</u>. Photo: Image from December 2023 of a mine in Pike County, Kentucky, that has not produced coal since 2019. Credit: Appalachian Voices

